IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: Philip Watson

Art Unit: 3672

Serial No.: 10/659,500 Examiner: William Sneuder Filed: September 10, 2003 For: Casing Alignment Tool

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DECLARATION UNDER RULE 131(a)

Dear Sir:

Philip Watson, the applicant in the above-identified patent application, declares as follows:

- 1. That sometime prior to January 2002, I was working on the problem of casing misalignment that often occurs when running tubulars in a well bore. When the tubulars are connected end-to-end in deep well bores, the tubulars tend to deviate from a desirable straight alignment. The task of casing alignment is even more complicated in an offshore location, where a large gap of approximately 90 feet exists between an underwater wellhead and the bottom of the offshore platform, which is located above the water surface. The connected tubulars tend to bend and become misaligned in relation to the outer casing. Rig personnel use chains and air tuggers in an effort to re-align the tubular extending to the platform. However, there are few fixed stable point on an offshore rig that can be used for securing of a cable or chain when pulling the tubular into alignment.
- 2. That having witnessed this problem numerous times, I came up with an idea of using the wellhead as a fulcrum for pulling the inner tubular into alignment with the help of a pair of vertically spaced-apart clamps.
- 3. That my concept was to have a bottom clamp connect to a wellhead and use it as a fulcrum. The upper clamp would be contacting the tubular and exerting force against the tubular. A nylon strap would be secured to the upper clamp and wrapped around the misaligned tubular. An air tugger or a winch would be used to tighten the strap and cause the tubular to move into the desired position in the well bore.
- 4. That sometime in the spring of 2000, I discussed the problem and my suggested solution with Mr. Patrick Perkins, who had worked in the oilfield for over twenty years and whose knowledge in the field I valued. I drew a rough sketch of the tool and showed it to Mr. Perkins.

- 5. I asked Mr. Perkins to make a crude experimental prototype based on my sketch and test it on his next wellhead job. I asked Mr. Perkins to keep my idea in confidence as I was intending to file for a patent and Mr. Perkins agreed.
- 6. That in June of 2000, Mr. Perkins had an opportunity to build the prototype according to my sketch and test it in the field. Mr. Perkins confirmed that the crude experimental prototype of the tool, which he had built based on my sketch and tested on the oilfield, did work.
- 7. That I continued to work on the concept of the casing alignment tool using a two-arm design and an external power source. I thought that I needed to make some adjustments in the design relating to the applied force and clamps to make the tool attractive to the rig owners and personnel.
- 8. That in December 2000 I made a better drawing of the tool. A copy of that drawing dated December 2, 2000 is attached as Exhibit 1 hereto.
- 9. While continuing to perfect the tool design, I made further revisions in the initial concept. These revisions are illustrated in the three sheets of drawings and one page description dated June 3, 2003, which are attached hereto as Exhibit 2.
- 10. That in August-September 2003, I caused a patent application prepared and filed with the U.S. Patent Office disclosing two embodiments of my invention, one of the embodiments using hydraulic power to push the casing into alignment and the second- using the two-arm lever design.

The declarant further states that the above statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like are punishable by fine and/or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that any such willful false statement may jeopardize the validity of this application or any patent resulting therefrom.

Date: 2-7-2005

Philip Watson

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: Philip Watson

Art Unit: 3672

Serial No.: 10/659,500 Examiner: William Sneuder Filed: September 10, 2003 For: Casing Alignment Tool

Date: Feb. 10, 2005

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U.S. PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

LETTER UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.608(b)

Sir:

Attached hereto are a Declaration under 37 C.F.R. § 1.608(b) of Philip Watson, Applicant herein, with attached Exhibit A, and corroborating Affidavit of Patrick Perkins, in support of a Request for Interference with U.S. Patent No. 6,827,143.

The effective date of McGuffin et al.'s patent is January 7, 2002; the effective filing date of Watson's application is September 10, 2003, that is more than three months after the effective filing date of the patent.

Applicant is prima facie entitled to an award of priority over said patent because Exhibit 1 represents a drawing of a casing alignment tool (CAT system) invented by Philip Watson in December 2000. The drawing is dated December 2, 2000. The casing alignment tool shown in Exhibit 1 appears to have all elements claimed in at least Claims 1, 2 and 10 of patent No. 6,827,143, that is a "baseplate" designated as "bottom clamp back hooks onto wellhead," an "actuator" designated as "casing clamp" and a "power source connected to the actuator" designated by "air tugger to raise CAT tool and center casing."

The attached Declaration of Philip Watson establishes Applicant's conception of the invention sometime in December 2000, that is before the effective filing date of the patent. Watson's Declaration under 37 C.F.R. 131(a) describes in detail the applicant's appreciation of the problem, his earlier design and the test performed on his behalf by Mr. Patrick Perkins. The crude prototype built by Mr. Perkins based on the applicant's drawing appeared to have worked although some modifications had to be made to make the tool attractive to the rig owners and personnel. The actual reduction to practice of the first prototype illustrated in the December 2, 2000 drawing occurred well before the effective filing date of the patent.

Watson's Declaration further establishes the applicant's diligence in continuing to work on the concept until the applicant believed that the latest modifications resulted in an inexpensive, easy to operate casing alignment tool. Sometime in early June of 2003, Watson made further revisions in the two-arm design. The drawings illustrating the June 2003 embodiment are attached to Watson's Declaration as Exhibit 2. The three sheets of drawings and one page of description illustrate and describe in particular details the materials and sizes to be used when making the casing alignment tool using the two-arm system, as well as anticipated tightening and slacking of the air tugger line when creating a right angle lever.

Once the applicant reached that point, he caused an application filed with the U.S. Patent Office, with an effective filing date of September 10, 2003. The applicant did not conceal or abandon his invention but rather continued working on the tool design until he was satisfied with the modifications.

The corroborative Affidavit of Patrick Perkins supports the applicant's statement that sometime in late November of 2000 he discussed the problem of casing misalignment and his solution to the problem with Perkins. Perkins testifies that Watson's idea was "to have a two-arm

lever-type casing alignment tool. The arms of the tool are vertically spaced. One arm is attachable to a wellhead and used as a fulcrum. The other arm is attachable to the casing." Perkins also corroborates Watson's statement of the demonstration of the drawing dated December 2, 2000 to Perkins and Perkins appreciation of a workable invention as shown in the drawing and accompanied by Watson's explanation. Perkins also corroborates Watson's statement that a crude experimental prototype was built and tested on a rig sometime in late December 2000.

In view thereof, the applicant submits that the Applicant is prima facie entitled to an award of priority over patent No. 6,827,143. Please charge the required fee for presentation of extra independent claims to Deposit Account No. 11-0260.

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as First Class mail in an envelope addressed to:

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On: 2910-05

Pamela Gautreaux

Respectfully submitted,

Thomas \$. Keaty

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(504) 524-2100

Attorney for Applicant

STATE OF LOUISIANA PARISH OF TERREBONNE

AFFIDAVIT

Before me the undersigned authority personally came and appeared Patrich Perkins, a person of the age of majority, personally known to me, who, having been first sworn, did depose and say:

- 1. My name is Patrick Perkins and my address is 147 Holiday Drive, Houma, Louisiana.
- 2. 2. I have worked in the oilfield industry as a wellhead specialist for over 20 years.
- 3. I am familiar with the problem of casing misalignment, or casing centering that often occurs when running tubulars in a well bore. The casings become misaligned in relation to each other, which makes it extremely difficult to set the casing slips assembly. A lot of rig time is lost because of the misalignment problem. Conventional method of aligning the casings is to lodge a lever of some sort, for instance a pry bar, in the annular space between the casings and push on the inner casing until it achieves a relatively central position in the outer casing. Other methods employed in the oil field include the use of chains, cables, snatch blocks and air tuggers to move the casing into the centralized position. None of these methods present a safe solution to the problem.
- 4. Sometime in the spring of 2000, Philip Watson whom I have known for a number of years, discussed his casing alignment tool (CAT) with me. Watson's idea was to have a two-arm lever type casing alignment tool. I recall that Watson drew a rough drawing showing two arms, with one arm attached to the wellhead and another pushing on the casing. The first arm was to be used as a fulcrum in cooperation with the wellhead.
- 5. After discussing his idea with me and asking me to keep it in confidence, Watson asked me to built a crude experimental prototype and test it on a wellhead job. In June of 2000, I was on a job where I could construct such prototype and test it. The test proved successful.
- 6. In early December of 2000, Watson showed me a drawing dated December 2, 2000, illustrating his casing alignment tool in better details. Watson indicated that he planned to use that drawing and description of the tool for a patent search.

Further affiant saith not.

Patrick Perkins

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this

day of

LORRAINE KIMBRELL

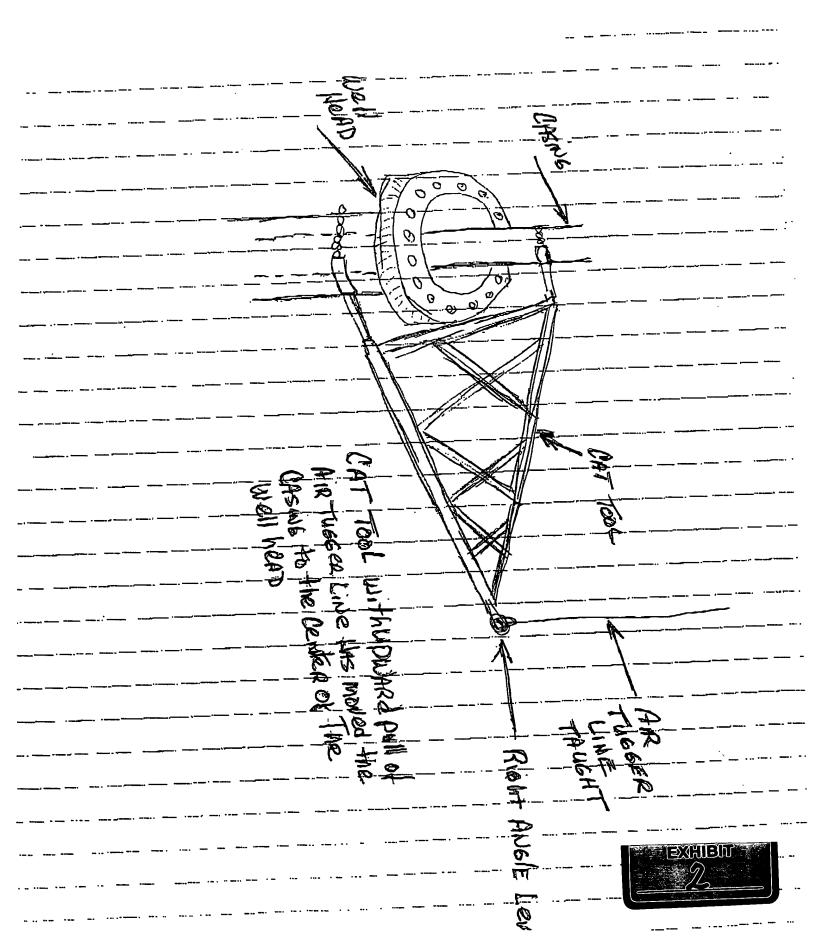
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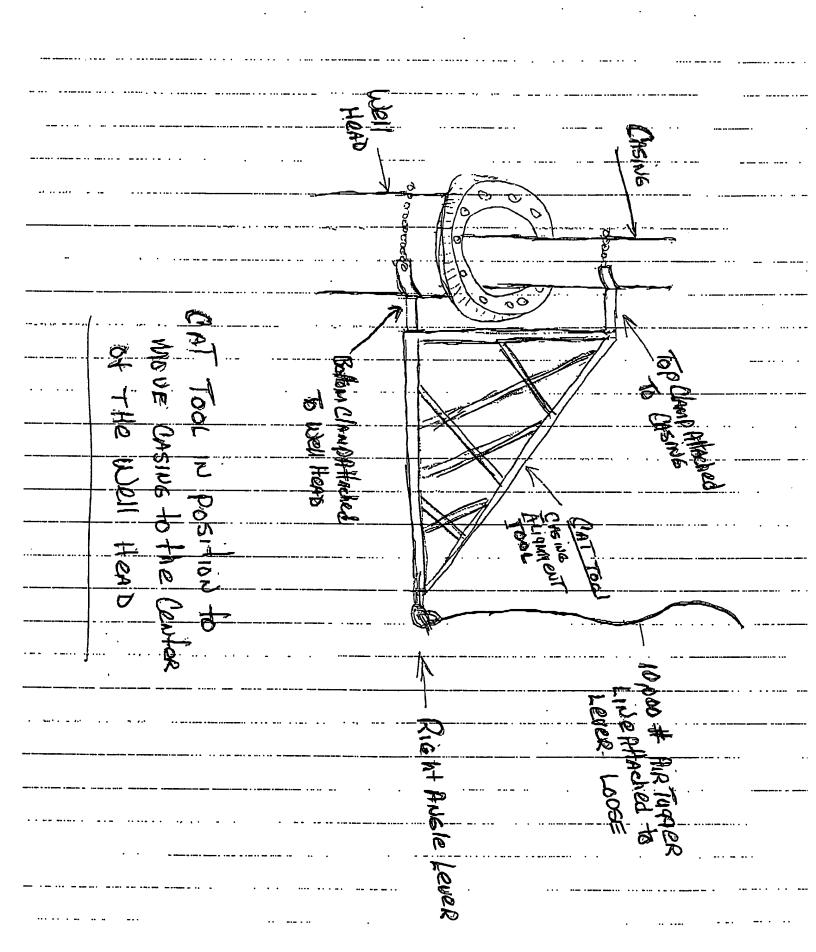
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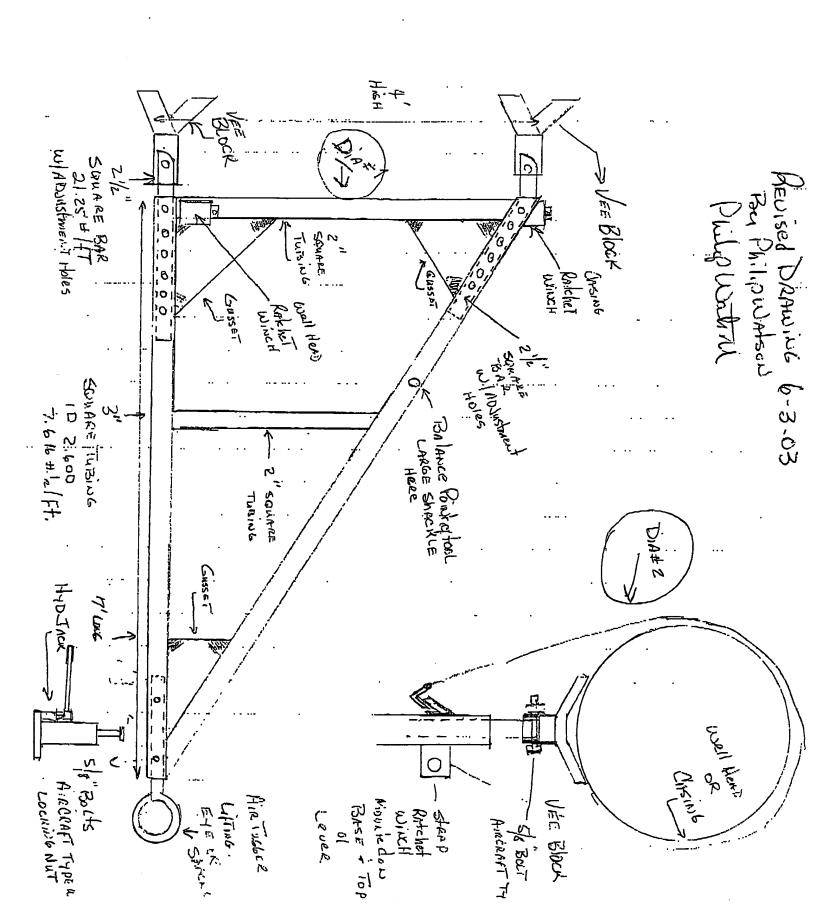
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CASING PLIGHT WITH TEXT (CAT TOOL)

6.3.03

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